

Factor

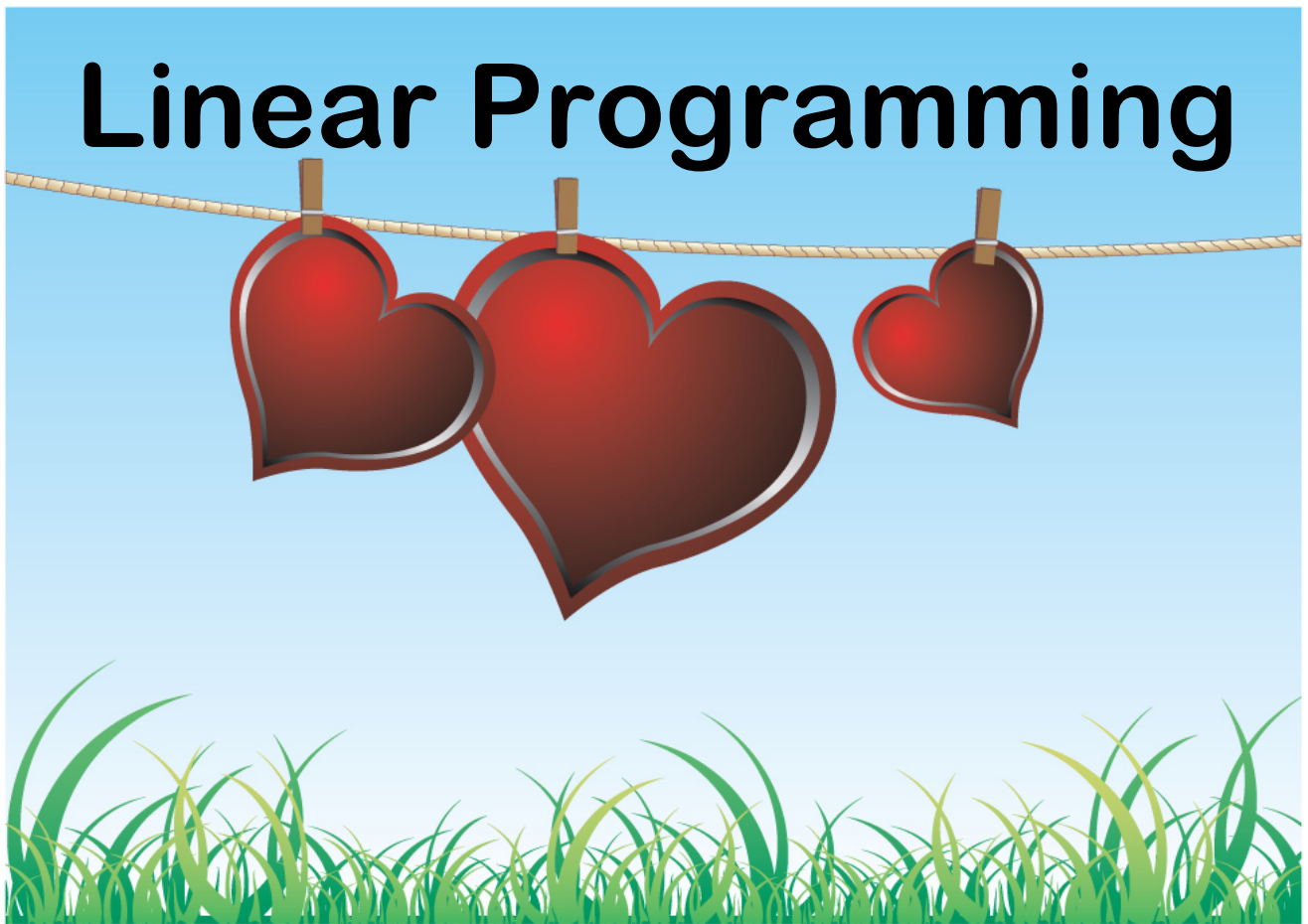
$$x^2 - 4$$
$$(x-2)(x+2)$$

$$n^2 - 16$$
$$(n+4)(n-4)$$

$$25m^2 - 4$$
$$(5m-2)(5m+2)$$

$$9n^2 - 16$$
$$(3n+4)(3n-4)$$

Linear Programming



Linear Programming



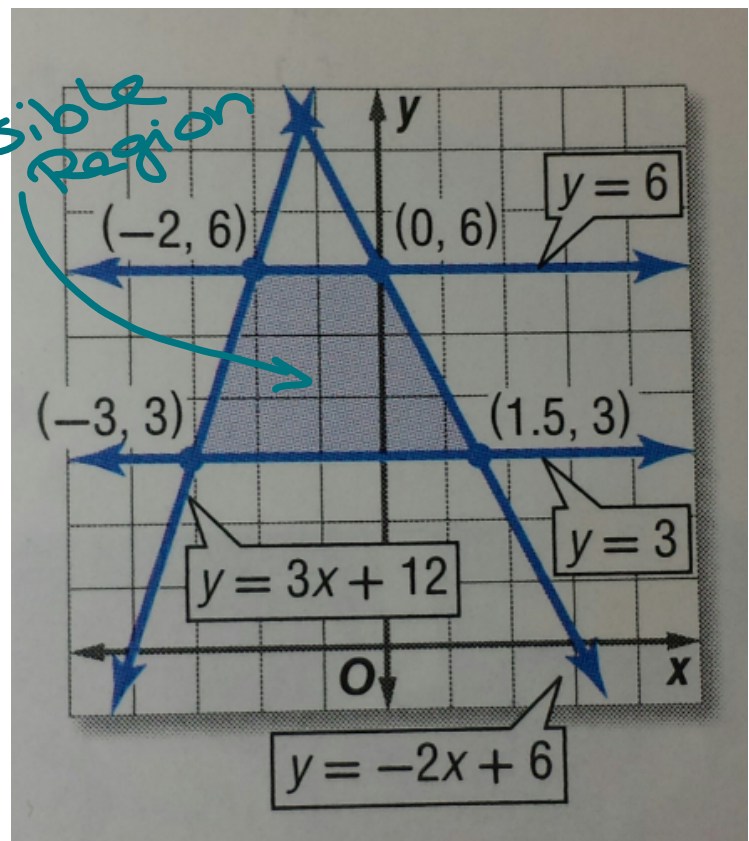
- Used to find optimal solutions
- Characteristics:
 - Constraints (inequalities)
 - Feasible region (bound by inequalities)
(where the shaded areas overlap)
 - Function that is to be optimized

Constraints

$$3 \leq y \leq 6$$

$$y \leq 3x + 12$$

$$y \leq -2x + 6$$

Feasible Region

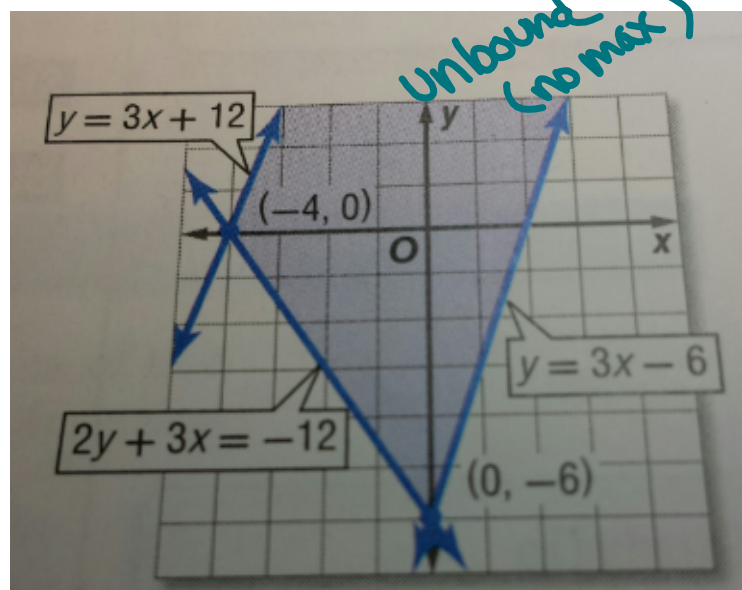
Constraints

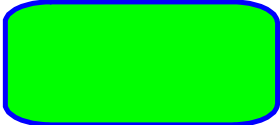
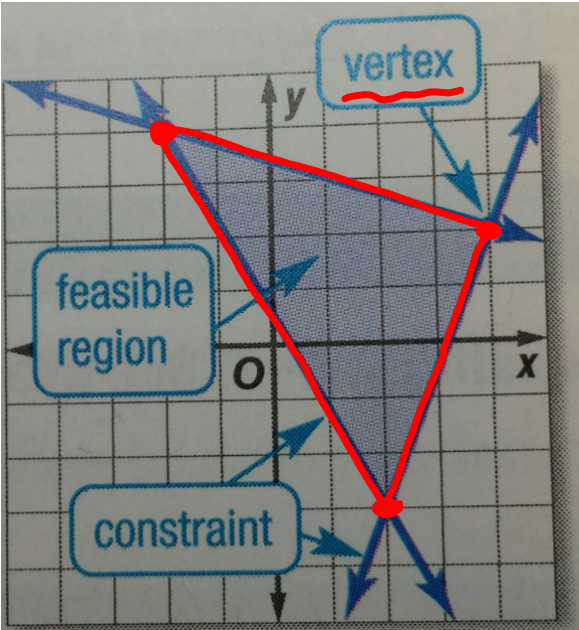
$$2y + 3x \geq -12$$

$$y \leq 3x + 12$$

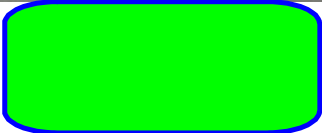
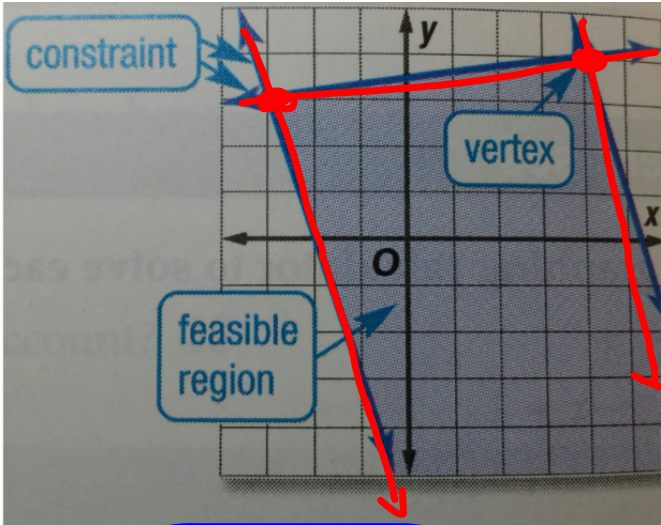
$$y \geq 3x - 6$$

Feasible Region





Feasible Region



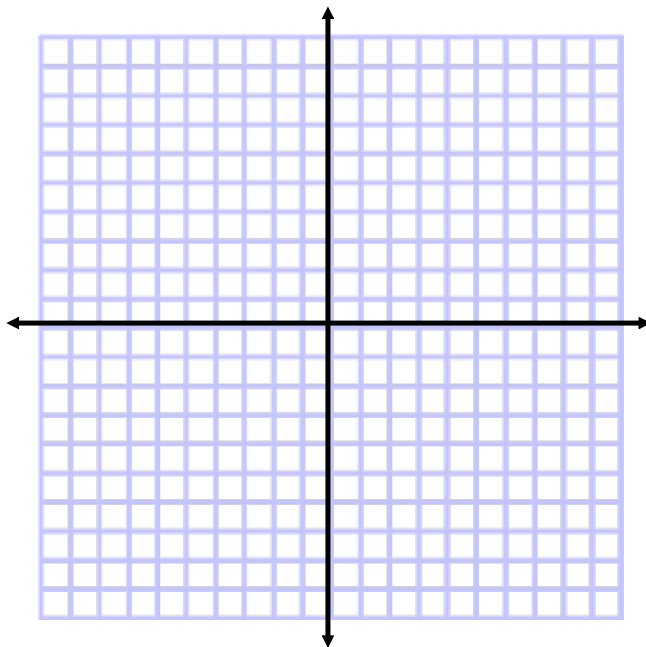
Feasible Region

Constraints

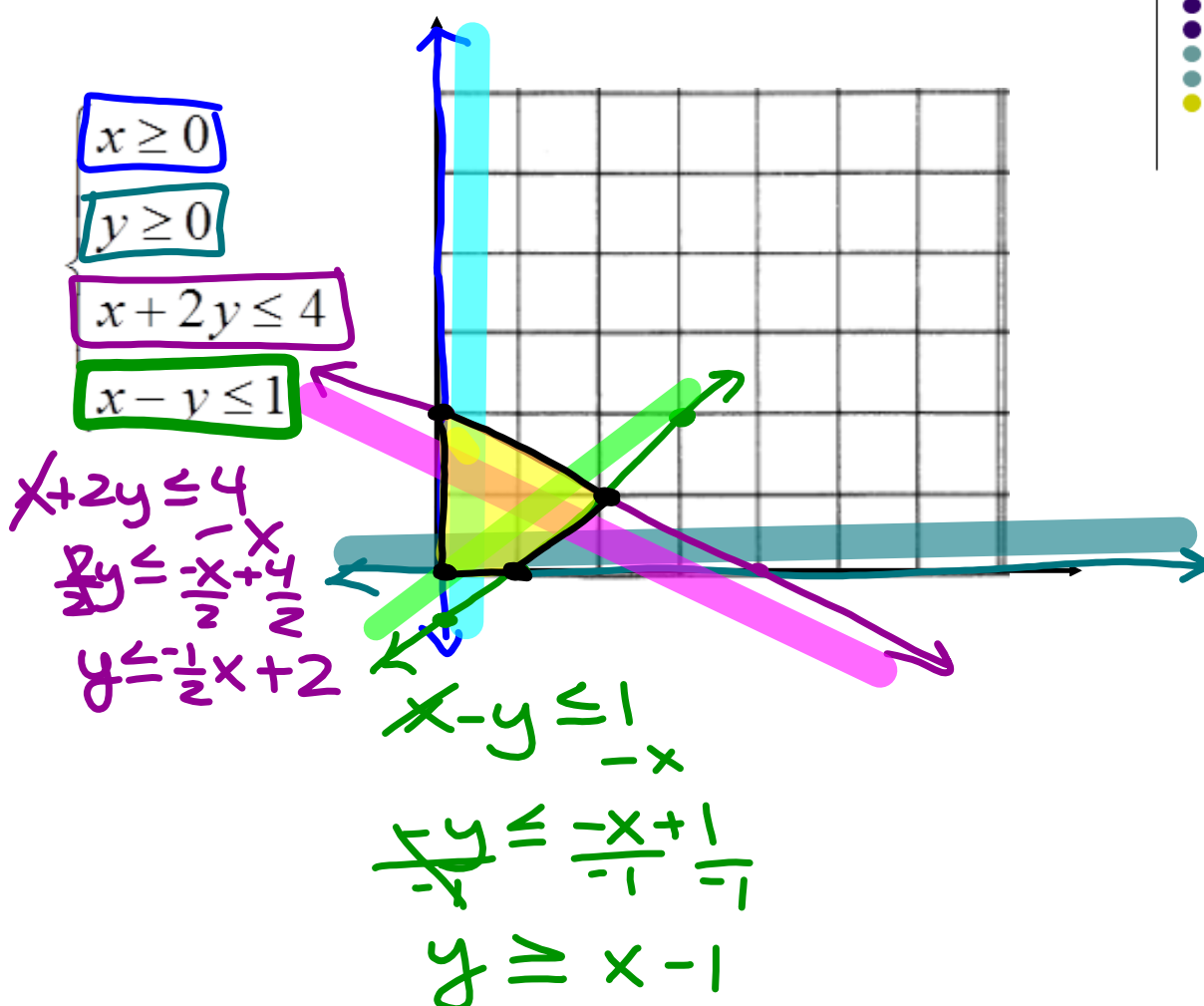
$$1 \leq y \leq 4$$

$$y \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 0$$



Graph the constraints



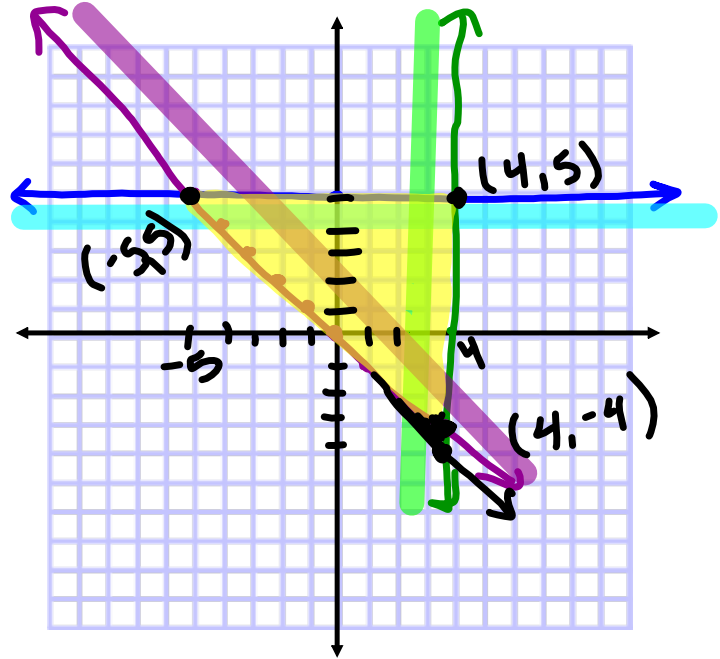
Graph each system of inequalities.

Name the vertices and the maximum and minimum values for this function.

$$\begin{aligned} y &\leq 5 \\ x &\leq 4 \\ y &\geq -x \end{aligned}$$

function:

$$f(x, y) = 5x - 2y$$



Vertices:

function:

$(4, -4)$	$5x - 2y$ $5(4) - 2(-4)$	28
$(-5, 5)$	$5(-5) - 2(5)$	-35
$(4, 5)$	$5(4) - 2(5)$	10

Maximum: 28
occurs at $(4, -4)$

Minimum: -35
occurs at $(-5, 5)$

Corner-Point Principle



- The maximum & minimum values of the objective function (optimizing) will occur at one of the vertices of the feasible region.

$$y \geq -4$$

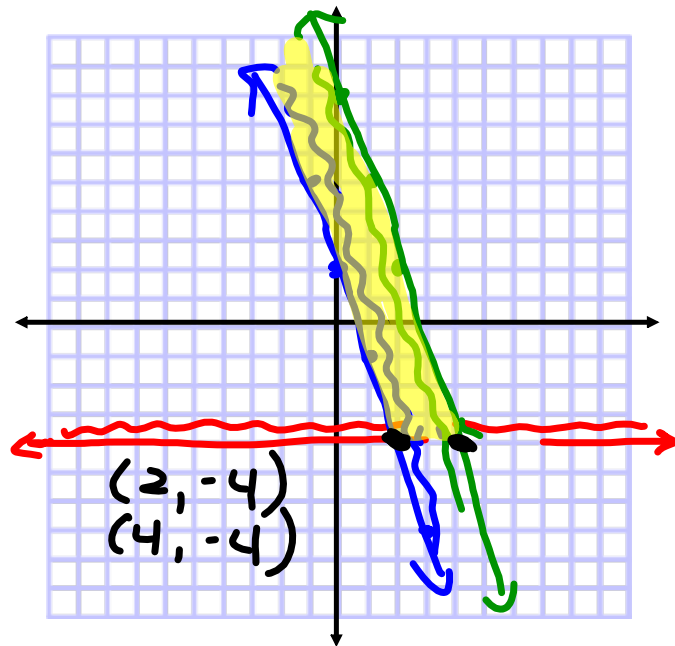
$$y \geq -3x + 2$$

$$9x + 3y \leq 24$$

$$y \leq -3x + 8$$

function

$$f(x, y) = 2x + 14y$$



Vertices	$2x + 14y$	
$(2, -4)$	$2(2) + 14(-4)$	-52 min
$(4, -4)$	$2(4) + 14(-4)$	-48